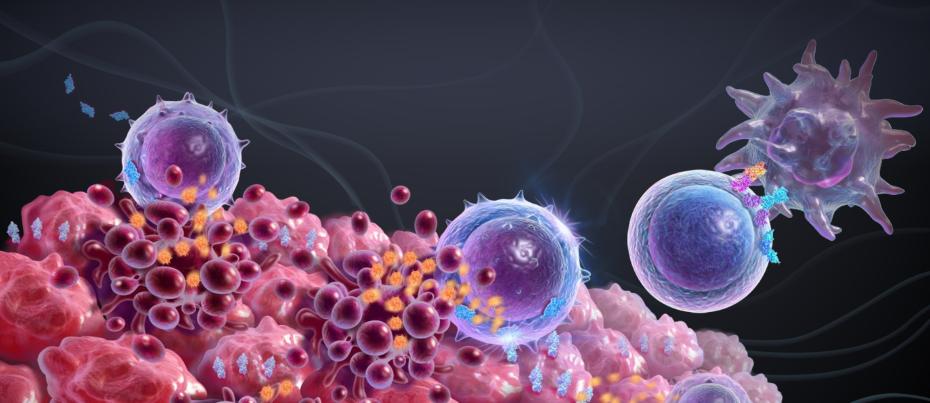
# Corporate Presentation April 2019





PIONEERING IMMUNOTHERAPY. TRANSFORMING LIVES.

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### Aduro Corporate Highlights

#### STING

- ✓ In collaboration with Novartis, ADU-S100 STING agonist shows encouraging preliminary signs of clinical activity
- ✓ Research collaboration with Lilly for cGAS-STING pathway inhibitors in autoimmune and inflammatory diseases
- ✓ New STING pathway discoveries highlighted in Cell Reports

### **APRIL**

- ✓ Wholly-owned BION-1301 antibody in clinical development for MM and being pursued in IgA nephropathy
- ✓ Leadership in APRIL pathway highlighted in Leukemia

## Financial Strength

**√** \$278M at end of 4Q 2018 provides operating capital into 2022



## Focus of Aduro Pipeline

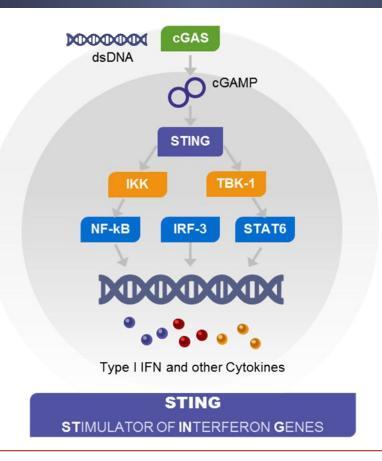
Program		Target	Indication	Discovery	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Partner
	ADU-S100 (MIW815)	STING	Multiple tumors					& NOVARTIS
	ADU-S100 + spartalizumab	STING	Multiple tumors					U NOVARTIS
STING	ADU-S100 + ipilimumab	STING	Melanoma					<b>b</b> Novartis
	ADU-S100 + anti-PD-1	STING	Head & Neck (planned)					U NOVARTIS
	cGAS-STING pathway inhibitor program	cGAS-STING pathway	Autoimmune		,			Lilly
APRIL	BION-1301	APRIL	Multiple Myeloma					
	BION-1301	APRIL	IgA Nephropathy (planned)					



## ADU-S100 STING Agonist



### STING Plays a Critical Role in Activation of Tumor Immunity



STimulator of INterferon Genes (STING) is a critical component of an innate immune pathway

STING activation is required for rejection of cancer in various mouse models



### Key Attributes of ADU-S100 (MIW815) First-in-Class STING Agonist

Encouraging preliminary clinical signals in ongoing early phase trials; well-tolerated

Co-development co-commercialization collaboration with Novartis

ADU-S100 (MIW815) bound to STING (X-ray crystal structure)

Demonstrated preclinical anti-tumor activity



### Advancing ADU-S100 (MIW815) Clinical Development

## Monotherapy (ongoing)

 First in human proof of mechanism trial to evaluate safety, clinical and biomarker activity in metastatic solid tumors and lymphomas + spartalizumab (ongoing)

 Proof of concept trial to evaluate safety and clinical activity with anti-PD-1 in metastatic solid tumors and lymphomas + ipilimumab (enrolling)

 Demonstrate combination activity with anti-CTLA-4 in PD-1 relapsed and refractory Melanoma + anti-PD1 (planned)

 Demonstrate combination activity with anti-PD-1 in earlier line SCCHN

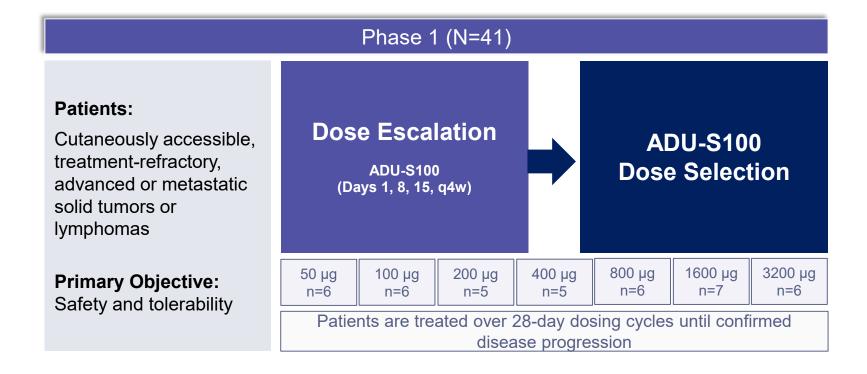
Heterogeneous heavily pre-treated patients



Homogenous patient populations



# Phase 1 ADU-S100 (MIW815) Monotherapy Trial Ongoing Dose Escalation Preliminary Results Reported





## Phase 1 ADU-S100 (MIW815) Monotherapy Trial: 50 μg – 3200 μg Baseline Patient Demographics

#### **N=41 Patients**

Median age years (range)	Sex n (%)	Race n (%)	ECOG PS n (%)	Prior therapy with a checkpoint inhibitor n (%)	Number of prior regimens n (%)	
	Male	Caucasian 27 (65.9)	0 11 (26.8)	Yes 22 (53.7)	0 3 (7.3)	
62	18 (43.9)	Black 6 (14.6)			1	
(26–80)	Female 23 (56.1)	Asian 2 (4.9)	1	No 19 (46.3)	4 (9.8)	
		Other/unknown 6 (14.6)	30 (73.2)		≥2 34 (82.9)	

Data Cut-off: August 16, 2018

**Number of Tumor Types: 22** 

ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status.



## Phase 1 ADU-S100 (MIW815) Monotherapy Trial: 50 µg – 3200 µg Safety and Tolerability

Adverse Event	%
≥1 any AE	78.0
Led to discontinuation	0.0
Grade ≥3	12.2
Led to death	0.0
AEs in ≥10% of patients	
Headache	14.6
Injection Site Pain	14.6
Pyrexia	14.6

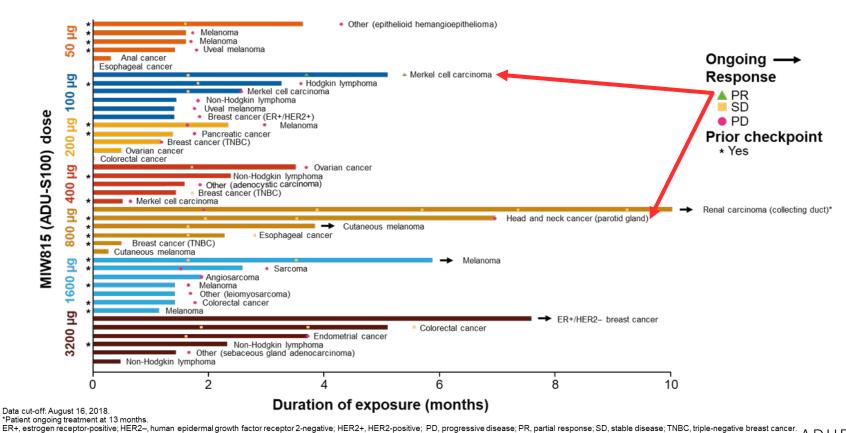
# No DLTs observed during the first cycle of treatment

- No patients discontinued treatment due to an AE
- Treatment-emergent serious AEs reported in 1 patient due to underlying disease progression

Data Cut-off: August 16, 2018

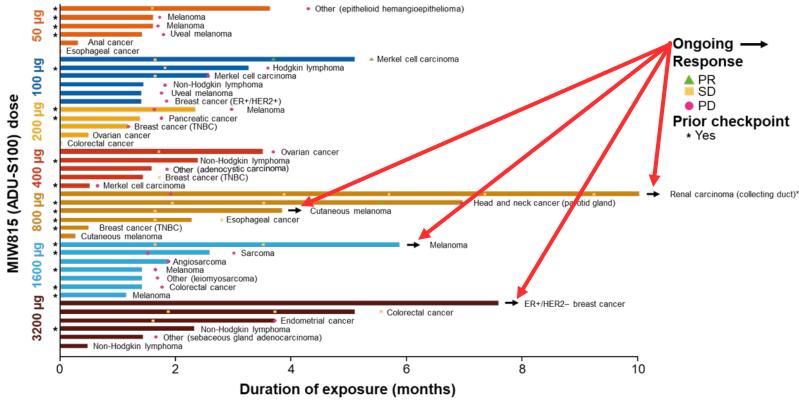


# Phase 1 ADU-S100 (MIW815) Monotherapy Trial: 50 µg – 3200 µg Time on Treatment and Response Evaluation





# Phase 1 ADU-S100 (MIW815) Monotherapy Trial: 50 µg – 3200 µg Time on Treatment and Response Evaluation



Data cut-off: August 16, 2018.
\*Patient ongoing treatment at 13 months.

ER+, estrogen receptor-positive; HER2-, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2-negative; HER2+, HER2-positive; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; SD, stable disease; TNBC, triple-negative breast cancer.



# Data Highlights from Phase 1 ADU-S100 (MIW815) Monotherapy Trial 50 μg – 3200 μg

#### Good safety profile

Well-tolerated in heavily pre-treated, heterogenous patient population

Preliminary signs of clinical and biomarker activity

- 2 of 41 patients treated had a PR, one patient received prior anti-PD-1 therapy
- 11 patients achieved SD

Target engagement

Observed increases in key systemic cytokines, including IL-6, MCP-1 and IFN-ß, after ADU-S100 (MIW815) administration, indicating target engagement and activation of the STING pathway

Data Cut-off: August 16, 2018



## Phase 1b ADU-S100 (MIW815) + spartalizumab (PDR001) Trial Ongoing

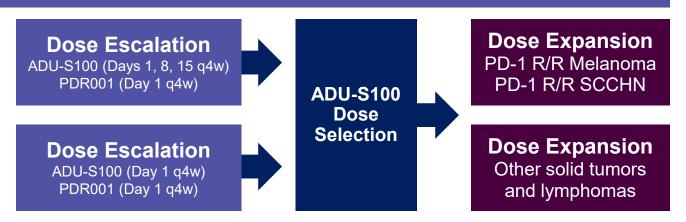
#### Phase 1b

#### Patients:

Cutaneously accessible, treatmentrefractory, advanced or metastatic solid tumors or lymphomas

## **Primary Objective:**

Safety and tolerability



Patients grouped in two dosing schedules, treated over 28-day Dosing Cycles until confirmed disease progression



## Preliminary Observations from Phase 1b ADU-S100 (MIW815) + spartalizumab Trial: 50 μg – 400 μg

Dose escalation ongoing

50 patients enrolled; treated with full-dose PDR001 and increasing dosing of intratumoral ADU-S100

No DLTs reported

Safety profile consistent with monotherapy study

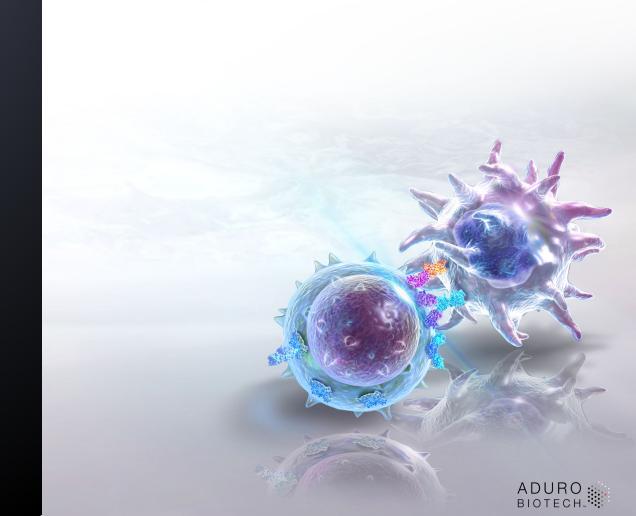
Preliminary clinical responses observed in several tumor types

- 2 patients had previously demonstrated responses to checkpoint inhibitor therapy alone
- Reduced tumor volume in injected and non-injected lesions in some patients
- Several patients remained on study >6 months

Data Cut-off: August 23, 2018



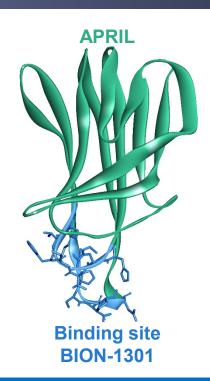
## BION-1301 APRIL Antibody



### BION-1301: First-in-Class Fully Blocking Anti-APRIL Antibody

#### **APRIL:**

- Soluble factor that binds to BCMA and TACI receptors and induces signaling
- Blocking APRIL is a distinct approach to inhibit both BCMA and TACI with potential immunomodulatory properties



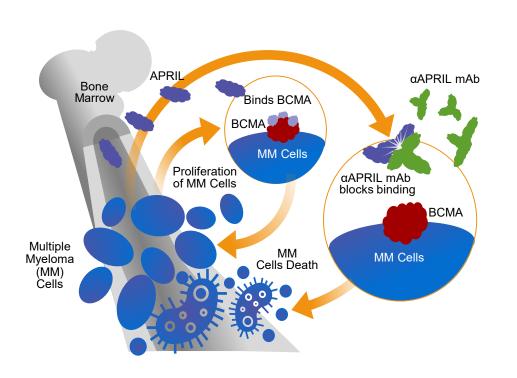
#### **BION-1301:**

- A first-in-class monoclonal antibody blocks APRIL binding to both the BCMA and TACI receptors
- Well-tolerated in preclinical studies and ongoing clinical study

APRIL is implicated in Multiple Myeloma, IgA Nephropathy and other indications



## Multiple Myeloma Cell Survival and Proliferation Enhanced by APRIL Produced in Bone Marrow Niche



# Preclinical data support biological and scientific rationale in MM

- Blocking APRIL inhibits MM tumor growth, drug resistance and immune suppression in preclinical studies
- Demonstrated single agent activity inhibiting myeloma cells and regulatory T cells in preclinical studies



### Phase 1/2 BION-1301 Multiple Myeloma Trial Ongoing

#### Phase 1/2

#### Patients:

Relapsed/Refractory multiple myeloma whose disease has progressed after at least 3 prior systemic therapies

#### **Primary Objective:**

Safety and establish recommended dose and schedule for expansion

Phase 1
Dose
Escalation

BION-1301 (Days 1 &15)

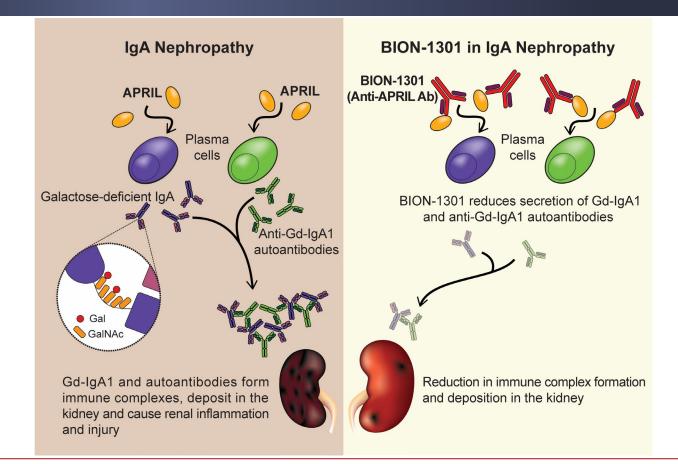


BION-1301 Ph2 Dose & Schedule Selection

Patients are treated over 28-day Dosing Cycles until confirmed disease progression. Additional dosing schedules being explored.



### BION-1301 in IgA Nephropathy





### IgA Nephropathy: Disease Overview

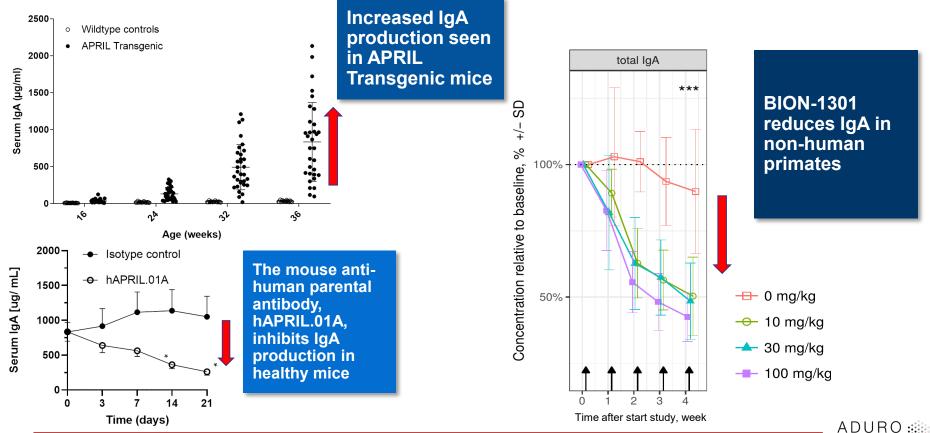
Accumulation of immune complexes of galactose-deficient IgA bound with anti-Gd-IgA1 autoantibodies in glomeruli Inflammation Proteinuria Microscopic Hematuria Reduced Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR) **Dialysis / Kidney Transplant / Death** 

## IgA Nephropathy has no current cure

- Higher incidence in East Asian populations and lower incidence in African populations
- True global prevalence unknown: diagnosis requires kidney biopsy
  - Progression to ESRD: ~15-25% at 10 years ~20-30% at 20 years



# Preclinical Data Provides Compelling Rationale for BION-1301 in IgA Nephropathy



## Phase 1 First-in-Human Study of BION-1301 in IgA Nephropathy Planned

#### **Part 1 in Healthy Volunteers:**

Double-blind, Placebo-controlled, Single Ascending Dose

#### **Up to 5 Dose Levels**

#### **Primary Objectives:**

- Assess safety profile in healthy volunteers (HVs) & IgAN patients
- PK/PD relationship in HVs & IgAN patients
- Establish proof-of-mechanism

### Part 2 in Healthy Volunteers:

Double-blind, Placebo-controlled, Multiple Ascending Dose

#### 3 Dose Levels

### Part 3 in IgAN Patients:

Open Label, Multiple Dose

1 Dose Level



## Business Overview



### Aduro Strategic Collaborations and Partnerships

#### **b** NOVARTIS





## ADU-S100 and other STING agonists

#### Oncology

- \$700M upfront & potential milestones
- \$50M equity
- Co-development & co-commercialization
- Aduro leads US sales
- Profit/expense share U.S., major EU and Japan
- Royalties ROW

## cGAS-STING pathway inhibitor program

#### Autoimmune & Inflammatory

- \$12M upfront
- \$620M potential development and commercial milestones per product
- Research funding
- Lilly responsible for global commercialization
- Single to low-double digit royalties
- Option to co-fund clinical development in exchange for increased royalties

#### Anti-CD27 agonist

#### Oncology

- \$447M potential milestones
- Global license

Mid single-digit to low teens royalties



### Strong Financial Position and Broad Intellectual Property Portfolio

FY 2018 Financials				
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities	\$277.9M			
R&D expenses	\$75.8M			
G&A expenses	\$36.0M			
Shares outstanding as of December 31, 2018	79.6M			

#### **Extensive Patent Portfolio**

Global Rights (includes in-licensed patents)

- >150 issued composition and methods patents
- >300 pending applications

#### **Nominal Expiration**

• STING: 2025-39

APRIL: 2030-38

Current cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities provides operating capital into 2022



## **Upcoming Anticipated Milestones**

		H1 2019	H2 2019
	<b>ADU-S100 + ipilimumab</b> Initiate Phase 1 dose escalation in PD-1 R/R melanoma	<b>/</b>	
OTINO	ADU-S100 + spartalizumab Report Phase 1 dose escalation results		•
STING	ADU-S100 + spartalizumab Initiate Phase 1 dose expansion		•
	ADU-S100 + αPD-1 Initiate Phase 1b/2 dose escalation in earlier line head and neck cancer		•
	BION-1301 Initiate Phase 1 IgAN study in healthy volunteers		
APRIL	BION-1301 Report Phase 1 MM dose escalation results & explore initiation of Phase 2 MM dose expansion study		•



